NC BLET Motor Vehicle Laws Study Guide

1. Key Motor Vehicle Offenses and Points

- Passing a Stopped School Bus: Results in 5 points on the driver's license.
- Most Serious Speed-Related Offense: Fleeing to elude law enforcement.
- Speeding Over 55 MPH: 3 points on the license.
- Accumulated Points:
 - 12 points in three years may lead to license revocation.
 - 7 points may result in mandatory attendance at a driver improvement clinic.

2. Driver Licensing Basics

- License Validity for Out-of-State Drivers: Drivers with a valid out-of-state license can operate in NC for up to 60 days.
- Classes of Driver's Licenses:
 - Class A: Combination vehicles over 26,001 pounds with trailers over 10,001 pounds.
 - O Class B: Single vehicles over 26,001 pounds with trailers under 10,001 pounds.
 - O Class C: Smaller vehicles, including standard passenger cars.
- Special Requirements:
 - **M Endorsement**: Required for operating motorcycles.
 - Limited Learner's Permit: Supervised driving, 5 AM to 9 PM only, no mobile phone use.

3. Registration and Financial Responsibility

- Registration:
 - Renewals are staggered monthly and valid for one year plus a 15-day grace period.
 - Temporary Plates: Valid for 30 days and must be destroyed after obtaining permanent plates.
- Financial Responsibility:
 - Vehicle owners must maintain a certificate of insurance from an NC-licensed insurer to register a vehicle.

4. Public Vehicular Area (PVA)

- **Definition**: Any area open to public vehicular traffic, including parking lots and driveways.
- Traffic Control:
 - Stop and Yield Signs: Generally not enforceable within PVAs unless specific conditions apply.

5. Right of Way and Yield Requirements

- Traffic Circle: Drivers must yield to vehicles already within the circle.
- Pedestrian Yielding:
 - Pedestrians crossing outside marked or unmarked crosswalks must yield to vehicles.
- **Emergency Vehicles**: Drivers must yield if an emergency vehicle displays a blue light and siren.

6. Cell Phone and Mobile Device Restrictions

- Under 18: No cell phone use while driving.
- Texting and Driving: Prohibited on public streets, highways, and PVAs.
- Commercial Motor Vehicles (CMV): Mobile phone use is allowed only with hands-free devices.

7. Driving While Impaired (DWI) Laws

- Implied Consent:
 - Refusal to submit to a chemical analysis results in an immediate 30-day suspension and an additional one-year suspension upon conviction.
- Habitual Impaired Driving: Defined as three or more impaired driving offenses within a ten-year period.
- Preliminary Roadside Testing:
 - May be required if there are reasonable grounds to believe a driver has consumed alcohol and has either committed a violation, been involved in a collision, or shown articulable cause.

8. Chemical Testing Procedures

- Blood Tests: A search warrant is typically required.
- Breath Tests: Conducted at detention facilities using an Intoxilyzer.
- Pre-Arrest Testing: Drivers may request a pre-arrest breath test, though this is not always guaranteed.

9. Traffic Stops and Checking Stations

- Checking Stations: Must comply with Chapter 20 requirements, including:
 - O Written policies, supervisor approval, and a pre-approved stopping method.

10. Vehicle and Equipment Regulations

- Headlights: Must be on from sunset to sunrise or when visibility is less than 400 feet.
- Child Restraints: Required for children under 8 years old and under 80 pounds.
- **Special Identification Cards**: NC residents may obtain these, but they do not authorize vehicle operation.