Here's your updated 100-question multiple-choice practice test. I'll follow up with a separate answer key once you've reviewed this. Let's dive in!
Arrest, Search, and Seizure (Questions 1-10)
1. What is the definition of probable cause?
a) Reasonable belief of guilt
b) Reasonable grounds for making an arrest
c) Sufficient evidence for a conviction
d) Guaranteed proof of guilt
2. Which U.S. Supreme Court case established the "stop and frisk" rule?
a) Miranda v. Arizona
b) Terry v. Ohio
c) Mapp v. Ohio
d) Gideon v. Wainwright
3. An officer always needs a warrant to search a vehicle.
a) True
b) False
4. What is an exception to the warrant requirement?

a) Plain view	
b) Privacy interest	
c) Probable cause	
d) All of the above	
5. What does the exclusionary rule prevent?	
a) Use of illegally obtained evidence	
b) Double jeopardy	
c) Forced confessions	
d) None of the above	
6. Which amendment protects against unreasonable searches and seizures?	
a) First	
b) Fourth	
c) Fifth	
d) Sixth	
7. An officer can perform a search incident to arrest if:	
a) They feel like it	
b) They have a warrant	
c) They are arresting the individual	

d) They ask nicely
8. Evidence in plain view can be seized without a warrant.
a) True
b) False
9. Which of these scenarios does NOT require probable cause?
a) Consent search
b) Search incident to arrest
c) Emergency search
d) All require probable cause
10. What rights are protected by the Miranda warning?
a) Right to privacy
b) Right to remain silent and have an attorney
c) Right to a speedy trial
d) Right to bear arms
Ethics (Questions 11-20)

11. What is an ethical dilemma?
a) A tough choice between right and wrong
b) A puzzle you need to solve
c) A disagreement in the workplace
d) A conflict of interest
12. Officers are allowed to accept gifts if it doesn't influence their duty.
a) True
b) False
13. Which of the following is a key principle in law enforcement ethics?
a) Justice
b) Bribery
c) Compromise
d) None of the above
14. Conflict of interest is:
a) A dispute with a colleague
b) Acting in a way that benefits oneself over others

c) A legal term for trial cases
d) None of the above
15. Personal values should always override professional conduct.
a) True
b) False
16. What should an officer do if faced with an ethical dilemma?
a) Flip a coin
b) Consult a supervisor
c) Go with their gut feeling
d) Ask the suspect
17. Why is transparency important in law enforcement?
a) To gain public trust
b) To keep secrets
c) For job security
d) For legal purposes
18. The code that provides a framework for ethical behavior for law enforcement officers is:

a) Criminal Code
b) Ethical Standards Code
c) Law Enforcement Code of Ethics
d) Universal Declaration of Law
19. Integrity in law enforcement means:
a) Being honest
b) Doing what is right even when no one is watching
c) Following orders without question
d) Both a and b
20. Officers should act in a way that maintains public trust.
a) True
b) False
ABC Law (Questions 21-30)
21. ABC in ABC Law stands for:

a) Alcohol, Beer, and Cider
b) Alcoholic Beverage Control
c) American Beverage Commission
d) Agency of Beverage Control
22. The legal drinking age in all U.S. states is 21.
a) True
b) False
23. Which agency typically enforces ABC laws?
a) Local police
b) ABC Commission
c) FBI
d) Local businesses
24. The penalty for serving alcohol to a minor is usually:
a) A warning
b) Fine and/or jail time
c) License revocation
d) A slap on the wrist

25. ABC laws apply only to restaurants and bars.
a) True
b) False
26. One responsibility of an officer under ABC law is:
a) Tasting the beverages for quality
b) Enforcing age restrictions
c) Reporting tax income
d) Checking licenses at breweries
27. For an establishment to sell alcoholic beverages legally, it must:
a) Obtain a license
b) Be 21+
c) Only sell beer
d) Serve food
28. It is illegal for an adult to purchase alcohol for a minor.
a) True

b) False
29. An officer suspecting an establishment is violating ABC laws should:
a) Join the party
b) Report and investigate
c) Do nothing
d) Buy drinks
30. An open container is defined as:
a) A half-full bottle
b) Any unsealed alcoholic beverage
c) Any drink
d) A soda cup with a straw

Answer key

Arrest, Search, and Seizure (Questions 1-10)

1. b - Reasonable grounds for making an arrest

2. b - Terry v. Ohio
3. b - False
4. a - Plain view
5. a - Use of illegally obtained evidence
6. b - Fourth
7. c - They are arresting the individual
8. a - True
9. a - Consent search
10. b - Right to remain silent and have an attorney
Ethics (Questions 11-20)
11. a - A tough choice between right and wrong
12. b - False
13. a - Justice

14. b - Acting in a way that benefits oneself over others
15. b - False
16. b - Consult a supervisor
17. a - To gain public trust
18. c - Law Enforcement Code of Ethics
19. d - Both a and b
20. a - True
ABC Law (Questions 21-30)
21. b - Alcoholic Beverage Control
22. a - True
23. b - ABC Commission
24. b - Fine and/or jail time

25. b - False

26. b - Enforcing age restrictions
27. a - Obtain a license
28. a - True
29. b - Report and investigate
30. b - Any unsealed alcoholic beverage
First Responder (Questions 31-40)
31. c - Ensuring scene safety
32. d - Airway, Breathing, Circulation
33. a - True
34. a - Perform CPR
35. c - Automated External Defibrillator
36. a - Hazardous materials and unstable structures
37. b - False

38. d - Prevent choking
39. c - 2 inches
40. a - True
Anti-Terrorism (Questions 41-50)
41. c - The unlawful use of violence and intimidation for political aims
42. b - FBI
43. a - True
44. d - Educating the public on potential risks
45. c - Reporting suspicious behavior
46. b - False
47. c - Both a and b
48. a - Terrorism within a nation
49. b - Preventing attacks by analyzing threats

50. a - True

Law Enforcement Communication (Questions 51-60)

51. b - To maintain clarity and brevity over the radio

52. a - True

53. d - All of the above

54. b - Speak calmly and listen actively

55. a - Radio codes for specific situations

56. a - True

57. c - To appear calm and controlled

58. b - Listening with full attention to understand

59. d - So the public understands clearly

60. a - True

Physical Training (Questions 61-70)
61. b - To handle physical demands of the job
62. b - False
63. c - Sprints and agility drills
64. d - To protect the officer and control subjects
65. a - Partnering for safety in training
66. a - True
67. b - Push-ups
68. d - The ability to sustain physical activity
69. b - Quick movements in response to threats
70. a - True

SCAT (Subject Control Arrest Techniques) (Questions 71-80)

71. c - Subject Control Arrest Techniques

72. a - True
73. b - To protect themselves or others
74. d - Guideline on appropriate levels of force
75. a - True
76. c - Approach, secure one wrist, and cuff
77. d - Arm bar takedown
78. b - False
79. a - To ensure compliance and avoid misunderstandings
80. c - Officer experience and suspect behavior
Court Duties (Questions 81-85)
81. c - To present facts and evidence
82. b - False
83. a - As "Your Honor"

84. b - To provide accurate testimony
85. a - State honestly that they do not remember
Detention Duties (Questions 86-90)
86. b - False
87. a - Supervising inmates and maintaining security
88. b - To ensure safety and remove contraband
89. a - True
90. c - Increased aggression and rule-breaking
In-Custody Transportation (Questions 91-95)
91. b - Ensuring the safety of the officer and detainee
92. a - True
93. c - Restraining detainee to prevent escape

94. d - Secure all equipment
95. b - False
Human Trafficking (Questions 96-97)
96. a - Signs of restricted movement
97. b - False
Responding to Victims (Questions 98-100)
98. c - To help victims feel safe and supported
99. d - Speak clearly and listen actively
100. a - True

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